

# German Longhaired Pointer Club



## POINTING TEST GUIDELINES

### INTRODUCTION

The emphasis of these tests is on the natural working ability of the dog on open ground, assessing ground treatment, hunting and pointing with an element of steadiness.

Spring Pointing Tests are an evaluation of potential in a pointing dog. Dogs are to be run and graded as individuals and not in competition against other dogs.

### CATEGORIES

The Tests are to be judged in two age categories:

**Junior** - For dogs over 6 months and under 2 years of age on 1<sup>st</sup> January in the year of the pointing test, to be judged on partridge and pheasant, ground game being judged for steadiness only.

**Adult** - For dogs over 2 years of age on the 1<sup>st</sup> January in the year of the pointing test, to be judged on partridge only with all other game being judged for steadiness only.

### BASIC REQUIREMENTS

Each dog shall run singly into the wind for a minimum of ten minutes, quartering a beat of at least 100 metres on open ground.

Each dog will be allowed one minute to settle unless out of control.

Dogs are required to hunt, point and hold game and flush on command.

Each dog graded is to be given a verbal critique by the judges and an Assessment Certificate at the end of the day.

### ASSESSMENTS

The ideal pattern is when a dog is searching for game and is completely in tune with the handler.

The dog should hunt with drive, purpose and with good pace, ranging wide, always turning into the wind and covering its ground with style. All game birds on its beat should be pointed and all other game honoured.

## CREDITS

- Good ground treatment / regular pattern
- Turning into wind
- Natural ability to hunt without intervention
- Game finding
- Good Pace\*
- Correct head carriage\*
- Steadiness to flush
- Quiet handling

\* When considering these aspects judges must take into account the individual styles of the different breeds.

## ASSESSMENT OF EXCELLENT

The dog must work to the ideal pattern and exhibit all credits.

## ASSESSMENT OF VERY GOOD

The work must be close to the ideal pattern without any persistent faults.

## ASSESSMENT OF GOOD

The work must be of a good standard showing natural aptitude.

## JUDGING NOTES

Dog to quarter with its nose on the wind with correct head carriage, enabling it to make contact with game scent.

Quartering and turning on each flank into the wind.

Spending little or no time on ground or residual scent, giving only an indication of its presence.

Positive indication of game, ideally holding until handler is in close contact and working forward with determination to final point. With correct head carriage, the dog should directly flush, not losing contact and not foot scenting the game.

Positive flush of game with dog steady. Game not to be chased in flight but exuberance quickly brought under control may be allowed for junior dogs.

A grading can be considered if birds flush off the dog's point of their own accord when the handler is not in close contact.

Dogs that complete the card in their first run and are graded will not be required to run again. Only dogs of sufficient standard, which have not obtained a grading in their first run, are to be considered for a second run. Judges should not be tempted to run a dog a second time to try and up-grade it if they have been able to give it a grading in its first run.

## **FAULTS**

- Stickiness on point
- Persistent false pointing
- Persistent pointing of 'larks'
- Persistently casting back on the wind
- Unsteadiness
- Catching healthy game

## **ELIMINATION FAULTS**

- Out of control
- Failure to hunt or point
- Not covering sufficient ground
- Chasing game
- Deliberately flushing game without pointing
- Missing game birds on the beat
- Whining or barking

## **POINTING TEST GUIDELINES: GROUSE**

The following deviations from the above Guidelines should apply for Pointing Tests on grouse moors:

Dogs should be run on open moorland and into wind wherever possible, but the available ground and route of the day will determine this. Dogs should cover a beat of at least 100 metres, but on many occasions when birds are at lower densities, much wider beats may be appropriate. Dogs should work with pace, drive and determination. Credit should be given to dogs which point grouse (all species), snipe and golden plover. Dogs should not be penalised for failing to point snipe or golden plover.

All German Longhaired Pointer Club events are sponsored by Roger Skinner Ltd

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